# Ginza Sukiya-dori Law Firm Schedule of Legal Charges (extract)

**Civil Cases: Calculation Table for Retainers and Contingent Fees** 

Types of cases	Types of fees	Amount of legal charges	
1. Lawsuits (excluding lawsuits relating to bills of exchange and checks) Non-contentious cases Domestic relations adjudication cases Administrative cases Arbitration cases	Retainers	When the amount of economic benefits from the case is 3 million yen or less: 8.8% Greater than 3 million yen and no greater than 30 million yen: 5.5% + 99,000 yen Greater than 30 million yen and no greater than 300 million yen: 3.3% + 759,000 yen Greater than 300 million yen: 2.2%+4,059,000 yen *The amount may be varied by ±30% depending on the details of the case. *The minimum retainer is 330,000 yen	
	Contingent fees	When the amount of economic benefits from the case is 3 million yen or less: 17.6% Greater than 3 million yen and no greater than 30 million yen: 11% + 198,000 yen Greater than 30 million yen and no greater than 300 million yen: 6.6% + 1,518,000 yen  Greater than 300 million yen: 4.4% + 8,118,000 yen  *The amount may be varied by ±30% depending on the details of the case.	
2. Mediation cases and out- of-court settlement negotiation cases	Retainers and contingent fees	Refer to 1. The charges may be reduced to two-thirds (2/3) of the respective amounts.  *The retainer shall be one half (1/2) of the amount indicated in 1. in the event of an out-of-court settlement negotiation leading to an appointment for mediation, or in the event of an out-of-court settlement negotiation or mediation leading to an appointment for a lawsuit or other case.  *The minimum retainer is 330,000 yen	

<sup>\*</sup>Unless otherwise specified, the retainer shall be calculated based on the amount of applicable economic benefits from the case, and the contingent fees shall be calculated based on the amount of economic benefits received from the legal processes appointed to respectively.

### **☆Calculation basis where calculation is possible**

- (1) Monetary claims: The total receivables amount (including interest and delinquency charges)
- (2) Future claims: The total receivables amount after deduction of interim interest
- (3) Receivables providing ongoing benefits: 7/10 of the total receivables amount. For receivables with an unspecified term, the amount of 7 years' worth
- (4) Cases petitioning for increased or decreased rent: The amount of seven (7) years' worth of the increase or decrease
- (5) Property rights: Equivalent current value of the items concerned
- (6) Rights of possession, rights of land use, perennial tenancy rights, rights of lease, and rights of usage: One half (1/2) of the current value of the items concerned. The equivalent current value of the rights shall however apply when the current value of the rights exceeds one half (1/2) of the current value of the items
- (7) Cases related to property rights in buildings: The amount being the equivalent current value of the buildings plus an amount being one third (1/3) of the current value of the sites Cases related to rights of possession, rights of lease, and rights of usage in buildings: The amount being the value of (6) plus an amount being one third (1/3) of the current value of their sites (an amount being equivalent to three (3) years' worth of rent when, given the characteristics of the case, it is appropriate to use rent as the basis)
- (8) Easements: An amount being one half (1/2) of the current value of the servient land
- (9) Security rights: The amount of the secured claim. The equivalent current value of the collateral shall however apply when the current value of the collateral is less than the amount of the claim
- (10)Cases petitioning for registration procedures of property rights, rights of land use, perennial tenancy rights, easements, rights of lease, security rights, etc. in real estate: An amount with reference to (5), (6), (8) and (9)
- (11)Cases petitioning for revocation of fraudulent acts: The amount of the claim for which revocation is being petitioned. The amount which the legal action aims for shall however apply when the amount which the legal action aims for revocation of is less than the amount of the claim.
- (12)Cases petitioning for division of common property: An amount being one third (1/3) of the current value of the equity in the property concerned. The amount shall however be the scope of or equity in the assets concerned regarding portions of the scope of or equity in the assets subject to division which are under dispute
- (13)Cases petitioning for division of an estate: The equivalent current value of the share of inheritance concerned.
- (14)Civil execution cases regarding monetary claims: The amount of the claim being petitioned for. However, the equivalent current value of the property subject to execution (the equivalent current value taking the charge into consideration when a charge such as security rights or provisional attachment is in place) shall apply when the current value of the property subject to execution is less than the amount of the claim

## ☆Calculation basis where calculation is not possible

The amount shall be 15 million yen. The amount may however be varied taking into account factors such as the degree of difficulty, level of importance, complexity and simplicity of the work involved in the case, and the benefits received by the client.

The amount must be varied in the event of a discrepancy with the amount of economic benefits and the state of the dispute or the benefits received by the client.

### **☆Divorce cases**

Details of divorce cases	Retainers and contingent fees
Divorce mediation cases, divorce arbitration center cases, and divorce negotiation cases	550,000 yen and above but no greater than 770,000 yen
	660,000 yen and above but no greater than 880,000 yen

\*The retainer shall be one half (1/2) of the above retainer amount in the event of a divorce negotiation case continuing on to an appointment for divorce mediation cases as well as in the event of a divorce mediation case continuing on to an appointment for divorce suit cases \*In the event of a distribution of assets such as the distribution of property and settlement payments occurring, the amounts of retainers and contingent fees shall be added, calculated in accordance with the "Calculation Table for Civil Cases, Retainers, and Contingent Fees" above and based on the substantial amount of economic benefits in the distribution of assets

## **Criminal Cases: Retainers and Contingent Fees**

Details of criminal cases	Retainers
Before and after an indictment for cases and retrials	550,000 yen and above
Cases petitioning for retrial	550,000 yen and above

Details of crimina	al cases	Results	Contingent fees
Cases carried out in an uncomplicated manner	Before indictment	Non-indictment	330,000 yen and above but no greater than 550,000 yen
		Summary order requested	An amount not exceeding the above
	After indictment	Suspension of execution of sentence	330,000 yen and above but no greater than 550,000 yen
		When the sentence is reduced from that demanded	An amount not exceeding the above
Criminal cases other than the above	Before indictment	Non-indictment	550,000 yen and above
		Summary order requested	550,000 yen and above
above	After indictment (including retrials)	Not guilty	660,000 yen and above
		Suspension of execution of sentence	550,000 yen and above
		When the sentence is reduced from that demanded	An amount appropriate to the extent of the reduction
		When an appeal filed by a public prosecutor is dismissed	550,000 yen and above
Cases petitioning for retrial			550,000 yen and above

<sup>\*</sup>A retainer may be payable in the event of an indictment in a case appointed to before an indictment leading to an appointment to a case after an indictment. However, the amount shall be one half (1/2) of the retainer for the case before an indictment for cases anticipated to be carried out in an uncomplicated manner.

<sup>\*</sup>The retainers and contingent fees in cases applying for bail, suspension of detention, appeal, immediate appeal, quasi-appeal, special appeal, indication of the reasons for detention, etc. shall be in addition to the retainers and contingent fees for suspect cases or accused cases, and the appropriate amounts determined through consultation with the client.